

# **Assessing uncertainty of ecosystem models using AmeriFlux observations**

Jingfeng Xiao, Kenneth J. Davis, Nathan M. Urban, Keller Klaus, Scott V. Ollinger,  
Bobby Braswell, Andrew D. Richardson

Donald C. Buso, Jiquan Chen, Peter Curtis, Ankur Desai, Gene E. Likens, Asko  
Noormets

AmeriFlux Annual Meeting 2014

May 4-5, 2014

# Uncertainty of ecosystem models

The uncertainty of modeled fluxes is from three main sources (Beck 1987):

- input variables (e.g., imperfect land cover or climate data)
- model parameters (e.g., imperfectly or poorly defined parameters due to lack of information)
- model structure (e.g., incomplete or flawed underlying processes and assumptions)

# Parameter estimation

- Differential evolution (DE)

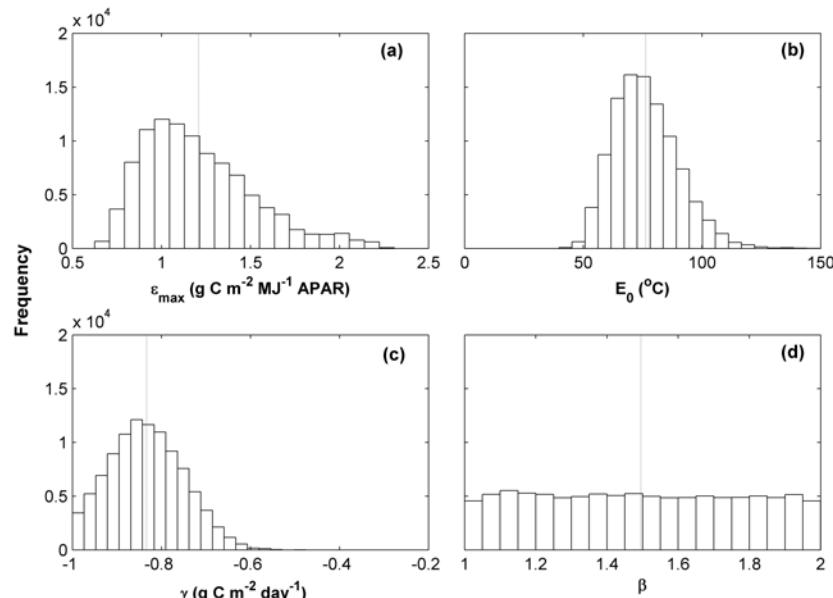
*Xiao et al., JGR, 2011*

- Easier to use
- Single value
- No uncertainty info

- Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)

*Xiao et al., AFM, 2014*

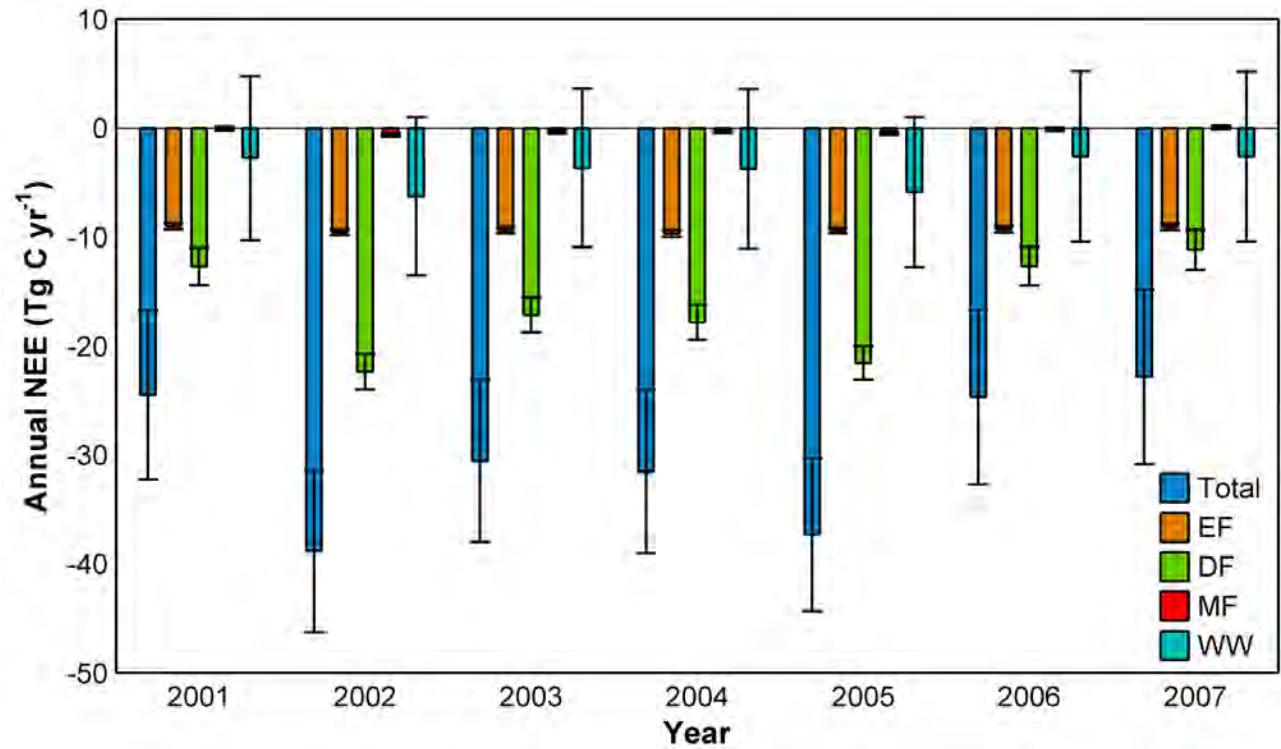
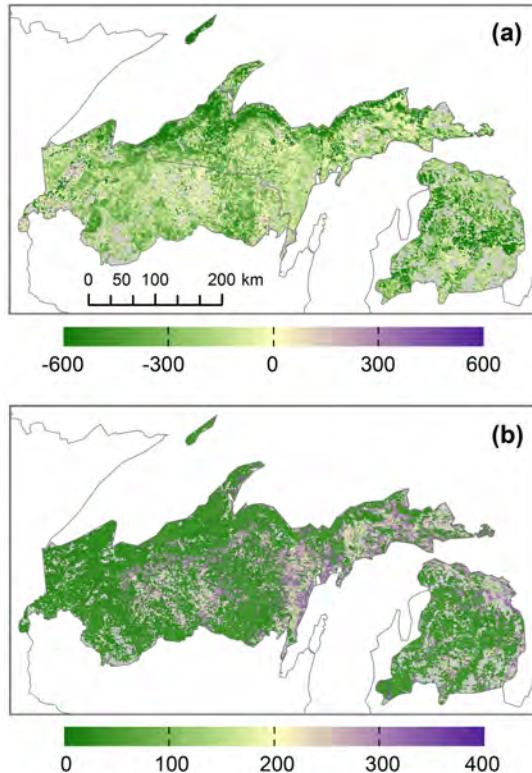
- Probability density function (PDF)
- Uncertainty analysis
- Computationally demanding



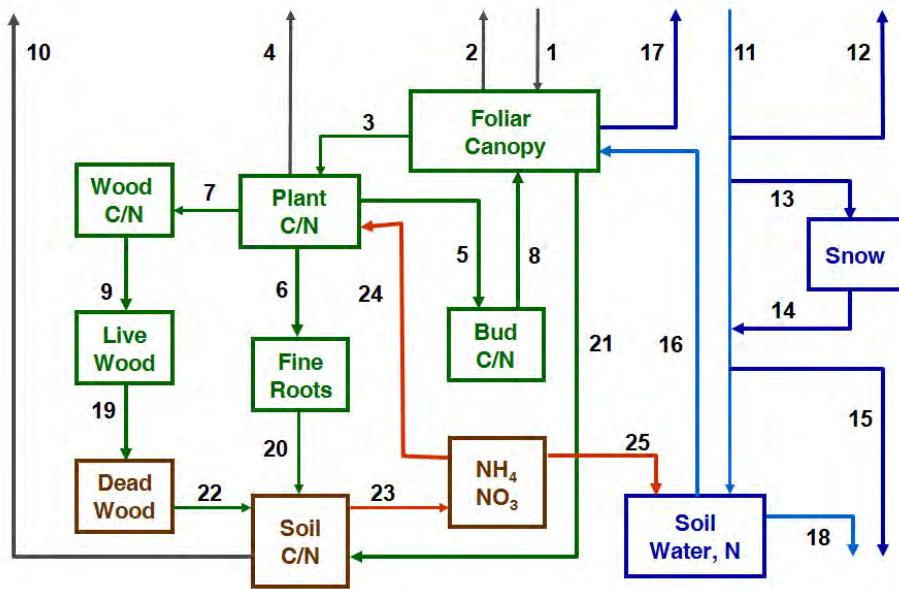
# Parameter variability within a vegetation type

Site	$\varepsilon_{\max}$ (g C m <sup>-2</sup> MJ <sup>-1</sup> )	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$R'_{ref}$ (g C m <sup>-2</sup> d <sup>-1</sup> )	$\gamma$	$\lambda$ (g C m <sup>-2</sup> d <sup>-1</sup> )	$E_0$ (°C)	Slope	Intercept (g C m <sup>-2</sup> d <sup>-1</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	N
<i>Evergreen forests (EF)</i>											
1	2.75	-0.30	1.85	13.12	-0.099	0.71	69.02	0.55	-0.40	0.04	4
2	1.15	-0.16	1.48	0.011	0.002	0.20	283.72	0.41	0.31	0.49	276
3	2.75	-0.30	1.85	16.85	-0.123	0.71	68.75	0.46	0.34	0.57	51
4	2.75	-0.30	1.85	15.77	-0.116	0.62	93.21	0.99	-2.89	0.48	131
5	2.05	0	1.85	13.33	-0.010	0.73	60.65	0.44	-1.36	0.66	97
<i>Deciduous forests (DF)</i>											
1	2.70	-0.52	1.97	0	0.010	0.57	102.07	0.37	-1.73	0.61	20
2	1.93	-0.42	1.83	0	0.013	0.37	181.51	-0.13	2.21	0.16	20
3	2.01	-0.40	1.77	0	0.013	0.37	180.63	0.02	2.14	0.00	21
4	0.61	-0.65	1.66	0	0.003	0.04	500.00	0.21	0	0.66	518
5	2.36	-0.55	1.92	0	0.009	0.48	105.07	1.02	-2.40	0.33	68
<i>Mixed forests (MF)</i>											
1	0.65	-0.34	1.86	2.61	-0.009	-0.06	309.85	0.44	0.12	0.44	390
2	0.71	-0.31	1.79	2.07	-0.005	-0.01	277.81	0.56	0.02	0.55	110
3	0.90	-0.35	1.74	7.01	-0.045	0.06	230.37	0.61	-0.47	0.37	771

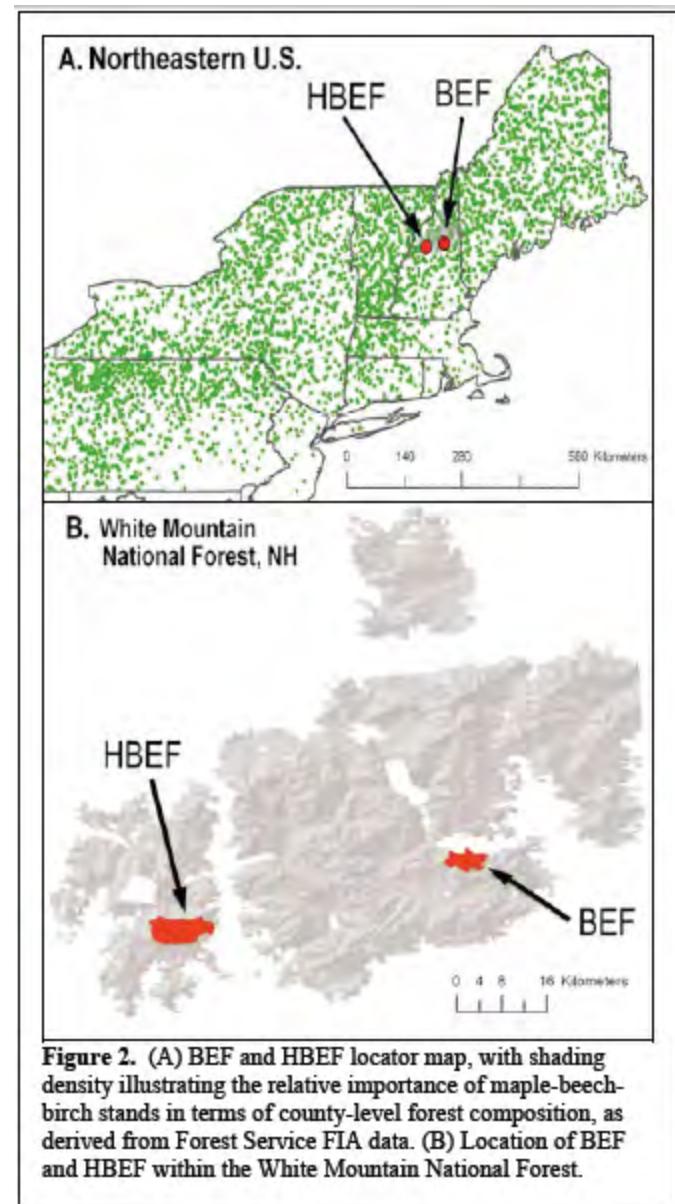
# Uncertainty of regional carbon fluxes



# A process-based ecosystem model - PnET-CN



**Figure 5.** Structure of the PnET-CN model. Boxes represent pools and numbered arrows represent fluxes: (1) Gross photosynthesis & ozone uptake (2) Foliar respiration (3) Transfer to mobile pools (4) Growth and maintenance respiration (5) Allocation to buds (6) Allocation to fine roots (7) Allocation to wood (8) Foliar production (9) Wood production (10) Soil respiration (11) Precipitation & N Deposition (12) Canopy interception & evaporation (13) Snow-rain partitioning (14) Snowmelt (15) Macro-pore flow (16) Plant uptake (17) Transpiration (18) H<sub>2</sub>O Drainage (19) Woody litter (20) Root litter decay (21) Foliar litterfall (22) Wood decay (23) N Mineralization & Nitrification (24) Plant N uptake (25) N transfer to soil solution.



**Figure 2.** (A) BEF and HBEF locator map, with shading density illustrating the relative importance of maple-beech-birch stands in terms of county-level forest composition, as derived from Forest Service FIA data. (B) Location of BEF and HBEF within the White Mountain National Forest.

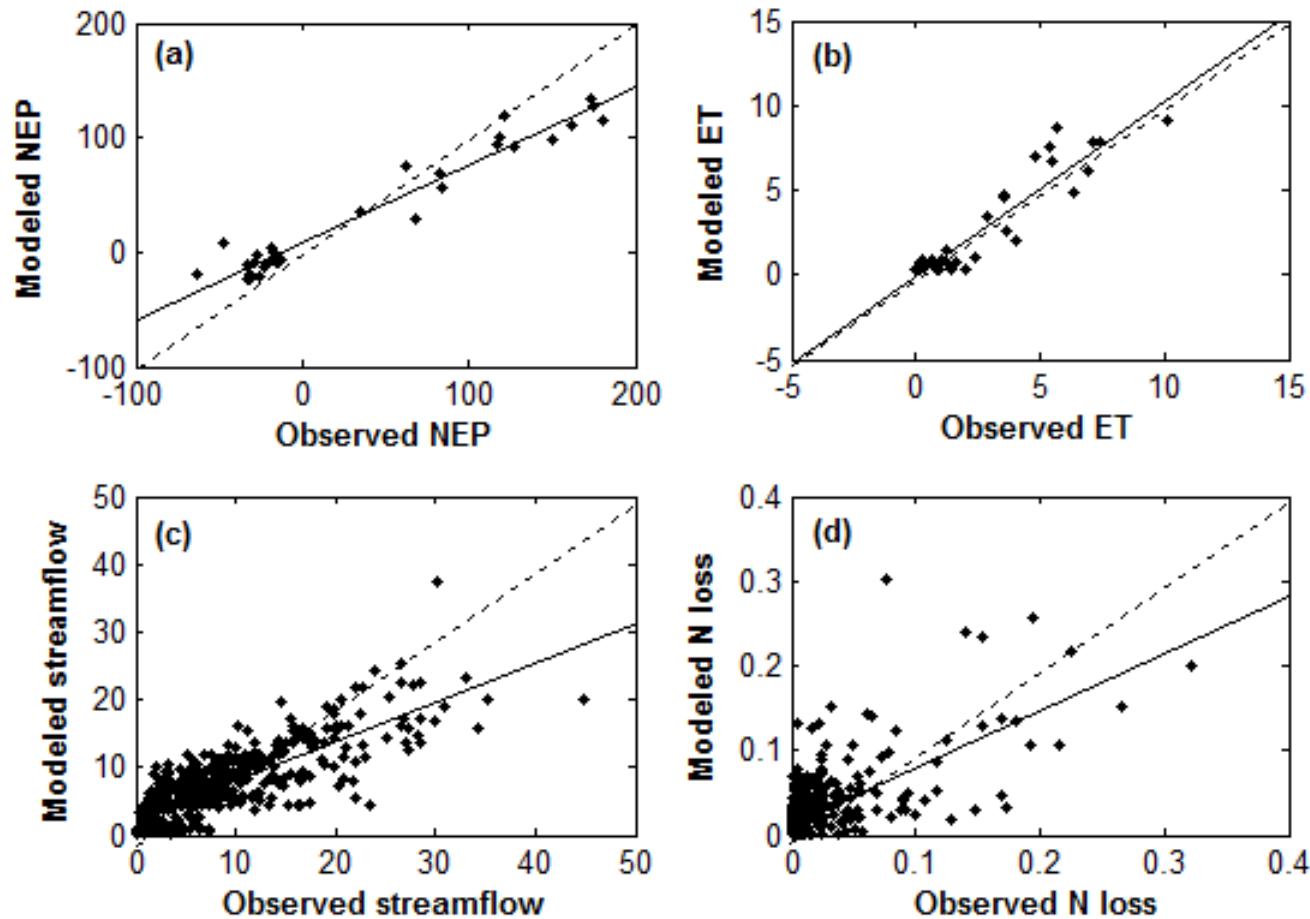


Figure 6. Observed fluxes versus modeled fluxes for **NEP, ET, streamflow, and streamwater chemistry**: (a) monthly ET ( $\text{mm mo}^{-1}$ ); (b) monthly streamflow ( $\text{mm mo}^{-1}$ ); (c) monthly N loss ( $\text{g N m}^{-2} \text{ mo}^{-1}$ ). Solid lines are the regression lines, and dashed lines are 1:1 lines.

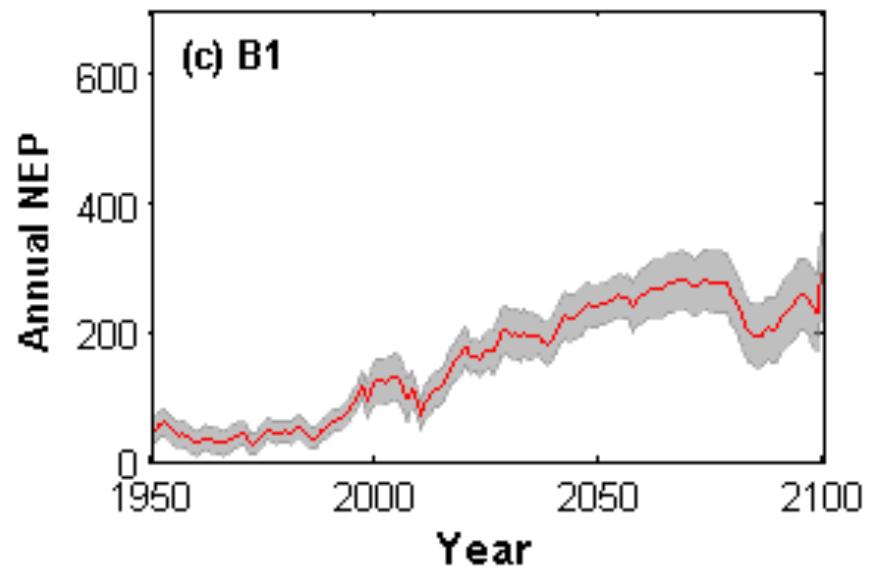
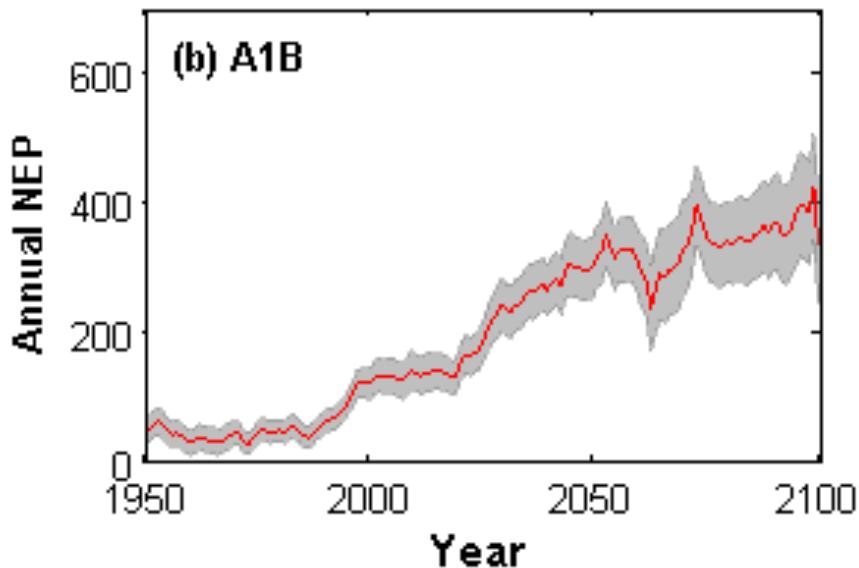
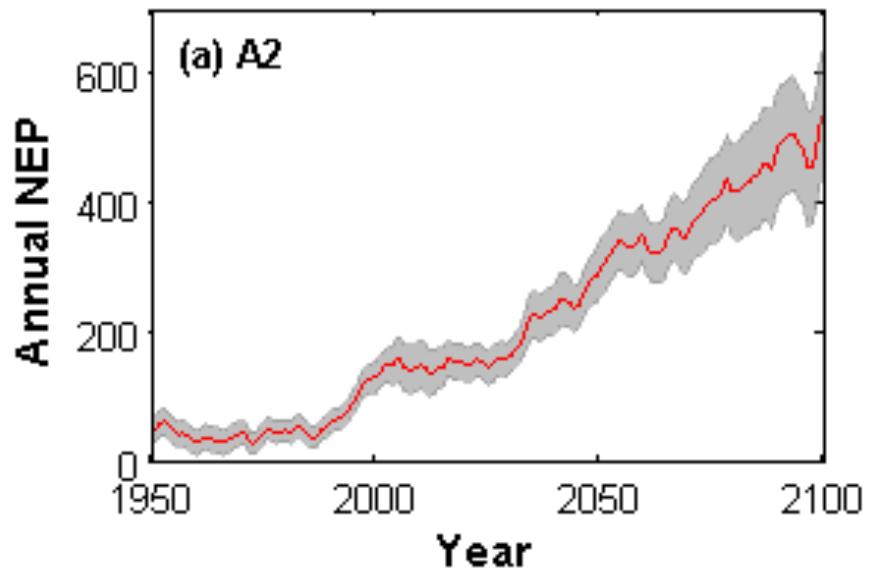


Figure 9. Uncertainty of historical (1950-1999) and projected (2000-2099) annual NEP under different emission scenarios (A2, A1B, and B1) at Bartlett Experimental Forest. For each scenario, the red line stands for the mean of annual NEP simulated with parameter PDFs, and the shade area stands for 2 standard deviations away from the mean.

# Structural uncertainty

## NACP Site Interim Synthesis

Model (click for submitted data)	Primary Contact	Sites simulated	Model Survey
<a href="#">Agro-IBIS</a>	Chris Kucharik	5	
<a href="#">BEPS</a>	M. Sprintsin, J. Chen		
<a href="#">Biome-BGC</a>	Ryan Anderson	47	
<a href="#">Can-IBIS</a>	David Price	28	X
<a href="#">CLASS-CTEM (TRIPLEX-Flux)</a>	Changhui Peng	8	
<a href="#">CLM-CASA'</a>	Forrest Hoffman		
<a href="#">CLM-CN</a>	Peter Thornton		
<a href="#">CN-CLASS</a>	Altaf Arain	33	
<a href="#">DAYCENT</a>	Robin Kelly, Bill Parton		
<a href="#">DLEM</a>	Hanqin Tian	36	X
<a href="#">DNDC</a>	Christina Tonitto	5	X
<a href="#">ecosys</a>	Robert Grant	40	X
<a href="#">ED2</a>	Michael Dietze	30	X
<a href="#">EDCM</a>	Shugang Liu	10	
<a href="#">EPIC</a>	Cezar Izaurralde	2	
<a href="#">GTEC</a>	Mac Post		
<a href="#">ISAM</a>	Atul Jain	15	
<a href="#">ISO-LSM</a>	Bill Riley	10	
<a href="#">LoTEC</a>	Tony King	10	
<a href="#">LPJ_wsl</a>	Ben Poulter	30	X
<a href="#">ORCHIDEE</a>	Hans Verbeeck	36	X
<a href="#">SiB3</a>	Ian Baker	31	X
<a href="#">SiBCASA</a>	Kevin Schaefer	36	
<a href="#">SiCrop</a>	Erandathie (Erandi) Lokupitiya, Scott Denning	5	
<a href="#">SIPNET</a>	Ankur Desai		
<a href="#">SSiB2</a>	Alok Sahoo	47	
<a href="#">TECO</a>	Ensheng Weng, Yiqi Luo	36	

## PnET family of models

PnET-Day

PnET-II

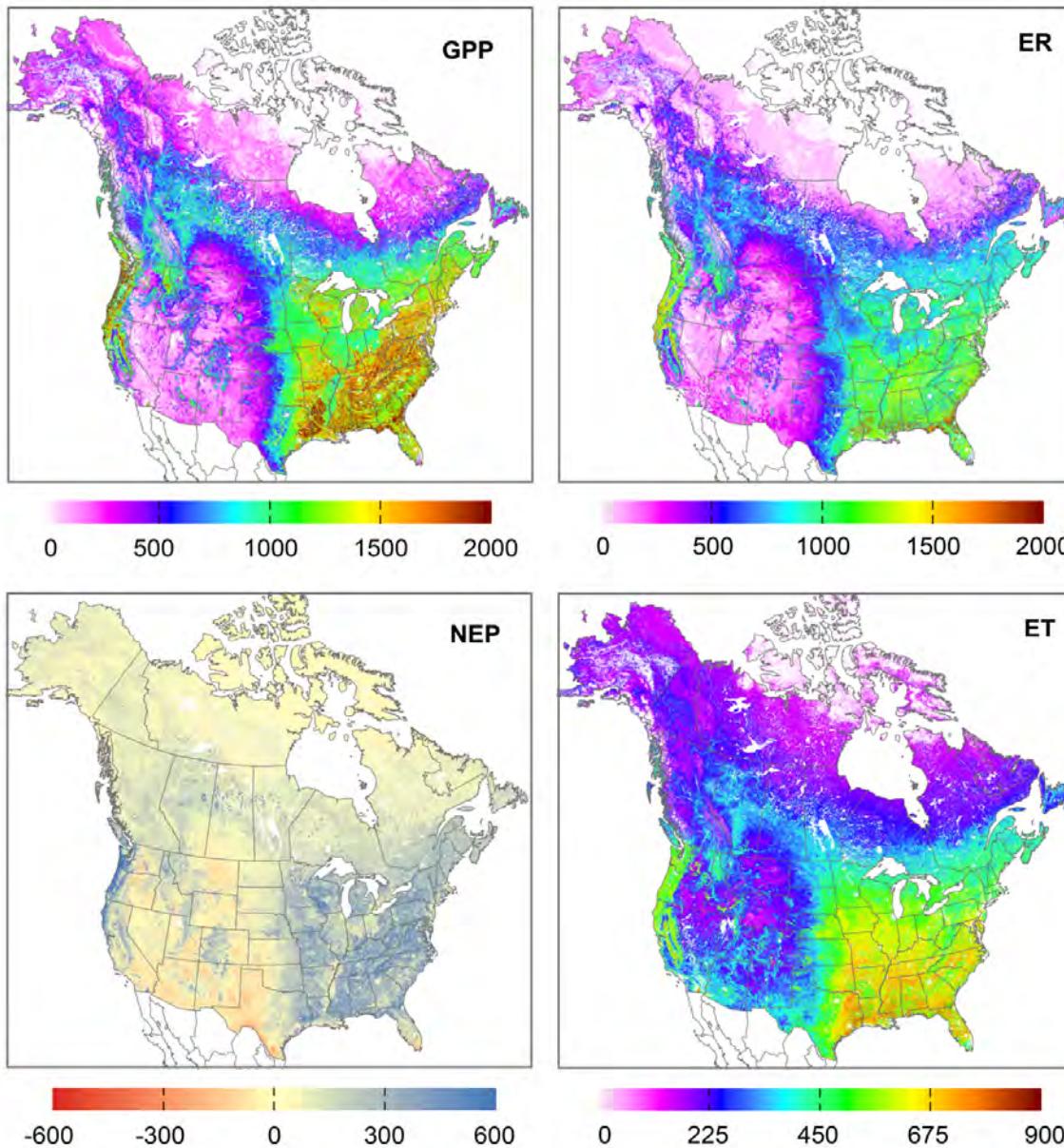
PnET-CN

PnET-SOM

PnET-Farquhar

# Summary

- Model parameters vary not only across plant functional types (PFT) but also within a given PFT
- Parameter estimates from a single site are not representative of the parameter values of a given PFT
- Cross-site (or joint) optimization using observations from multiple sites encompassing a range of site and climate conditions considerably improves the representativeness and robustness of parameter estimates
- Parameter uncertainty can lead to a large uncertainty in regional fluxes
- It remains a challenge to quantify structural uncertainty and to separate it from parameter uncertainty
- We plan to work towards assessing the full uncertainty of model simulations



Gridded, high-resolution (1km) flux estimates over North America (2000–2012)

# Acknowledgements

- NASA Terrestrial Ecology Program
- DOE's Office of Biological and Environmental Research, Terrestrial Carbon Program and the National Institute for Climatic Change Research (NICCR)
- NSF through the MacroSystems Biology program

## Published work on parameter and flux uncertainty

Xiao, J.F., Davis, K.J., Urban, N.M., Keller, K., and Saliendra, N.Z. (2011) Upscaling carbon fluxes from towers to the regional scale: Influence of parameter variability and land cover representation on regional flux estimates. *Journal of Geophysical Research - Biogeosciences*, 116, G00J06, doi: 10.1029/2010JG001568.

Xiao, J.F., Davis, K.J., Urban, N.M., Keller, K. (2014) Uncertainty in model parameters and regional carbon fluxes: A model-data fusion approach. *Agricultural and Forest Meteorology*, 189-190, 175-186.